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Радио. Телефон. Компьютер.

Radio. TV. Computer.

Теоретический материал (выписать выделенные слова и перевести их на русский язык):

Hardware [computer equipment or machinery]

personal computer / PC / desktop computer: a computer that fits on a desk, used by individuals at work or at home

laptop (computer): a lightweight portable computer that usually fits in a briefcase

tablet: a portable personal computer operated by a touch screen

hard disk: a **device** [piece of equipment] inside a computer that stores large amounts of information

disk drive: a device that allows information to be read from a disk

scanner: device for transferring pictures and texts into a computer

memory stick: a small device that lets you carry computer data anywhere conveniently; you can then **plug** the stick **into** any machine

RAM (random access memory / memory): the **memory** available on a computer to store and use information temporarily; can be measured in **gigabytes**

(micro) chip: a very small piece of semiconductor, especially in a computer, that contains extremely small electronic circuits and devices, and can perform particular operations

network: when a number of computers, for example in one office, are connected together (or **networked**) so that they can share information

Software [computer programs that you install]

An **application** is a piece of software designed for a specific purpose. This is often shortened to **app**. You can get mobile phone apps for all sorts of things these days.

word-processing: writing and storing printed text on a computer

spreadsheet (program): a program, or the grid you create with it, to perform mathematical operations

database: a large amount of information stored in a computer system in such a way that it can be easily looked at or changed

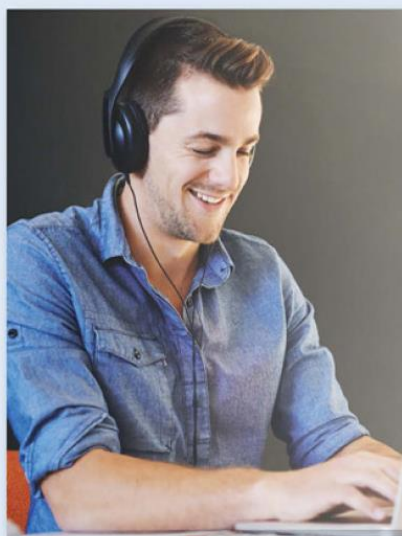
(computer) graphics: pictures, images and symbols that you can form on a computer

virus: hidden instructions in a program designed to destroy information

display: what you see on the screen of an electronic device

A computer shows a range of **icons** on its **display**. You put the **cursor** on the one you want to use and click on it to open it.

Some computing verbs



You probably **store** a lot of important information on your computer. So, it's sensible to **back up** all your files on a regular basis. Then it'll be less of a problem if you **delete** something accidentally or if your computer **crashes**.

A particularly useful feature of most applications is the one that allows you to **undo** what you have just done – just **click** on Undo and it's quick and easy to correct anything that you have **keyed in** by mistake.

After a few years you may want to **upgrade** your computer as they are always developing machines which are faster and more powerful. If you don't do this you may not be able to **run** all the software you need. You can usually just **download** upgrades to your computer's operating system or to your applications from company websites.

Упражнение 1. Соотнесите слова с картинками.

Match the words in the box to the pictures below.

laptop desktop computer tablet icon scanner memory stick microchip
cursor spreadsheet



Упражнение 2. Заполните пропуски в предложениях, используя слова из теории.

Fill in the blanks with appropriate words from the opposite page.

- 1 It's so easy to use a *scanner* when you want to send a handwritten document to someone by email. It's just like using a photocopier.
- 2 I've lost a lot of data. I wonder if my computer has a
- 3 A lot of people carry their on aeroplanes and work on them during the flight.
- 4 I've got such a lot of photos, music and videos stored on my computer that my is almost full.
- 5 That computer game you gave me has got amazing - the people just look so realistic!
- 6 One of my most important tasks at work is to keep the up to date so that customers' contact details are always accurate.
- 7 If you put the in the middle of a paragraph of text and double click, you select the whole paragraph.
- 8 I downloaded a fantastic the other day - it tells me where the nearest cash machine is to wherever I am in the world.
- 9 programs make it very easy to write text and to format it.
- 10 It's miraculous how much data can be stored on that tiny little computer inside your mobile phone.

Упражнение 3. Ответьте на вопросы, используя слова из последнего текста теории.

- 1 What do you do when you want to add new information to, for example, a database? *You key it in.*
- 2 If you don't want to lose computer data, what must you do?
- 3 If you notice you've repeated a paragraph in an essay, what can you do?
- 4 You want to open your spreadsheet program, so what should you do?
- 5 If your computer is old and working very slowly, what might you consider doing?
- 6 If you accidentally delete some text you've just been working on, what can you do?
- 7 What can you do to immediately get hold of music or a film from an internet store?
- 8 If you buy new software when you have an old operating system, what may you find?

Упражнение 4. Ответьте на вопросы.

Over to you

Answer these questions.

- 1 Do you use a desktop, a laptop or a tablet?
- 2 How much RAM do you have?
- 3 Which apps do you use most frequently?
- 4 How often do you back up your data?
- 5 Has your computer ever crashed?
- 6 Have you ever accidentally deleted anything?

Числительные

Изучите теоретический материал по ссылке <https://grammarway.com/ru/numerals> ,
запишите правила в тетрадь и выполните упражнения.

1. Найдите пары: слова из первого столбика и соответствующие цифры из второго.

E.g.: 1 - d

- | | |
|----------------------------------|--------|
| 1. seventy-two | a) 31 |
| 2. thirteen | b) 11 |
| 3. fifty-six | c) 660 |
| 4. eighty | d) 72 |
| 5. eighteen | e) 315 |
| 6. twenty-three | f) 100 |
| 7. eleven | g) 13 |
| 8. ninety | h) 49 |
| 9. twelve | i) 925 |
| 10. twenty | j) 18 |
| 11. nineteen | k) 80 |
| 12. forty-nine | l) 504 |
| 13. one hundred | m) 217 |
| 14. thirty-one | n) 410 |
| 15. four hundred and ten | o) 90 |
| 16. six hundred and sixty | p) 56 |
| 17. five hundred and four | q) 23 |
| 18. nine hundred and twenty-five | r) 20 |
| 19. two hundred and seventeen | s) 19 |
| 20. three hundred and fifteen | t) 12 |

2. Решите пример и напишите ответ словами.

E.g.: twenty + fifty-eight = seventy-eight (20+58=78)

- sixty-two + fourteen = ...
- fifteen + two hundred and forty-six = ...
- ninety + ten = ...
- thirty-one + nineteen = ...
- seventy-three + eighty-two = ...
- three thousand one hundred and twelve + ninety-nine = ...

3. Преобразуйте количественные числительные в порядковые.

E.g.: one (один) – the first (первый), thirty (тридцать) – the thirtieth (тридцатый), sixty-four (шестьдесят-четыре) – the sixty-fourth (шестьдесят четвертый)

1. two
2. eighty-three
3. seven hundred and sixteen
4. twelve
5. eleven
6. twenty-five
7. ninety-six
8. thirty-eight
9. ten
10. two thousand and nine

4. Напишите указанные в скобках даты словами.

E.g.: I was born on (13.05.1976). (Я родился) – I was born on the thirteenth of May, nineteen seventy-six.

1. My son was born on (02.12.2000).
2. Our dog was born on (21.08.2008).
3. My granddad was born on (23.06.1900).
4. My granny was born on (18.02.1910).

5. Напишите дроби словами.

E.g.: $5/6$ – five sixths, $2/3$ – two thirds

- | | |
|------------------|--------------------|
| 1. $\frac{1}{2}$ | 5. $\frac{9}{10}$ |
| 2. $\frac{5}{8}$ | 6. $\frac{11}{12}$ |
| 3. $\frac{1}{3}$ | 7. $\frac{2}{5}$ |
| 4. $\frac{4}{7}$ | 8. $\frac{3}{4}$ |